Your Home Hydroponics Herb Guide

Wondering what to do with those beautiful herbs you've grown? Look no further!

In this guide you will find...

- Fresh or dried?
- How to dry and preserve herbs
- How to use common hydroponics herbs
- Herb Hors D'oeuvres Recipe Booklet





Should you use your herbs fresh or dried?

Fresh herbs are best added at the end of cooking or in fresh salads - to preserve their delicateness and fragrant quality.





When herbs are dried, their flavor becomes more concentrated. **Dried herbs** are smokier and more intense in flavor than fresh. They are best added while a dish is cooking to infuse the flavor in the dish.

When cooking, the **dry to fresh herbs conversion** is 1:3. For example, use 1 teaspoon of dried basil for 3 teaspoons of fresh basil.

Read on to learn how to dry herbs!



How to Dry Herbs

These simple herb preservation methods will allow you to enjoy your home grown produce even months after harvest!

Bundle Drying

- Bundle herbs with rubber band or twine, then hang to dry
- Herbs will dry in 2-5 days
- Crumble and remove stems
- Store in jars or containers
- Label and date containers





Air Drying

- Line a sheet pan with parchment paper
- Lay out herbs so they don't overlap
- Can cover with paper towels
- Herbs will dry in 2-5 days
- Crumble dry leaves and remove stems.
- Store in jars or containers
- Label and date containers



How to Use Common Hydroponics Herbs

Get to know the flavor profile and best uses for the herbs you're growing at home!

Basil

- o Profile: sweet, savory, hints of mint, anise and pepper
- o Use fresh: pesto, salads, sandwiches, spring rolls
- <u>Use cooked</u>: spaghetti sauce, pizza, thai curry

Dill

- o <u>Profile</u>: fragrant, celery family, grassy/tangy flavor
- o Use fresh: dill pickles, cucumber dill salad, tzatziki
- o <u>Use cooked</u>: bake with fish, potatoes, steamed green beans

Mint

- o Profile: fresh, springy and sweet
- Use fresh: fruit salad, smoothies
- o <u>Use cooked</u>: tea, grilled veggies

Parsley

- <u>Profile</u>: mildly bitter, peppery, balances flavors, compliments lemon
- <u>Use fresh</u>: hummus, pesto, tabbouleh, salads, dressings, chimichurri
- Use cooked: soups and sauces

• Thyme

- <u>Profile</u>: thin woody stems, fragrant leaves, sweet or savory, lemony taste
- <u>Use fresh</u>: tea/lemonade, lentil salad, dressings, butters and salts
- <u>Use cooked</u>: soup, roasting meat, fish, eggs, tomatoes, beans

Find recipes using all of the above - and more - in our <u>Herb Hors D'oeuvres</u> recipe booklet



